

**3D Science Unit Planner** 

Marietta City Schools



Grade & Course: Forensic Science	Topic: Unit 9 Forensic Entomology	Duration: 2 weeks
Teachers: Forensic PLC Teachers		
Georgia Standards and Content: SFS5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate inf d. Analyze and interpret entomological data		
Narrative / Background Information		
Prior Student Knowledge: (REFLECTION – PI This unit comes at the end of the Forensic So and how to work a crime scene as well as ho	cience Course. Students should be familia	r with collecting crime scene samples
Year-Long Anchoring Phenomena: (LEARNIN An unidentified body was found in the back was injured.		r had fled the scene and the passenger
Unit Phenomena (LEARNING PROCESS) A badly burned body of an unidentified pers burned liver that could not be analyzed for D they were able to identify the identity of the	DNA. Maggots were found feeding on hum	
Inquiry Statement: By studying the insect population and the de	eveloping larval stages, forensics scientists	can estimate the postmortem index.
Global Context: Scientific and Technological Innovation		
Science & Engineering Practices: • Analyze and Interpret Data	Disciplinary Core Ideas: (KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS) • History of forensic Entomology • Characteristics of Forensic Entomology • Processing a crime scene for insect evidence • Forensic analysis of insect evidence.	Crosscutting Concepts: (KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS) • Patterns
		Key and Related Concepts: Change Patterns

-Maggot -Oviposition -Postmortem Ptilium -Pupa -Spiracles	interval		
Inquiry Quest	ions:		
Factual -			
-Where do ma	ggots come from?		
-What are the	life stages of a blowfly?		
-What are the	physical characteristics of the vario	us stages of insect development?	
Conceptual –			
-How can inse	cts be used to determine time of de	ath?	
-What environ	mental factors affect insect presen	ce and development?	
-How are inse	cts beneficial to the clean up of dea	d matter?	
-Are flies the c	only insects that are attracted to dea	ad tissue?	
-What are the	limitations to using insects to deter	mine time of death?	
Debatable -			
-ls entomologi	ical evidence sufficient and reliable	enough to convict for murder?	
		Summative assessment	
Unit Objective	25:		
Learning Activities and Experiences	Inquiry & Obtain: (LEARNING PROCESS)	Evaluate: (LEARNING PROCESS)	Communicate: (LEARNING PROCESS)
Week 1:	Phenomenon: A badly burned body of an unidentified person was found in the woods in Mexico. The	LAB DAY 2: Collect Data,	LAB DAY 3: Collect Data, process in

only tissue remaining was a piece of burned liver that could	process data in classroom	classroom
not be analyzed for DNA. Maggots were found feeding on human tissue at the crime scene. From this they were able to identify the identity of the victim.	Work on Decomposition Poster	Finish Decomposition Poster
Forensic Entomology Notes		
<ul> <li>LAB DAY 1:</li> <li>Decay of tissue (beef liver) with insect identification (Students set-up lab outside)</li> </ul>		

• Reflection: C	onsidering the planning, process and		
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•	Textbook Forensic Science Bertin Forensic Science Schoology Cour Additional resources can be four	-	der the Unit 9 folder
Resources (h	yperlink to model lessons and/or res	ources):	
	Of Maggots and Murder Lab (Day 1)	Review Forensic Entomology and take closer lab quiz	
Week 2:	LAB DAY 4: Collect Data, Analyze, graph, and conclude	Of Maggots and Murder Lab (Day 2)	
	Poster		